

Safety Data Sheet 1312

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Absolute Accuracy

4591 S Wayside Dr Houston, TX 77087 (832) 571-2387

Product Code: 1312

Synonyms: N/A

Recommended Use: CALIBRATION GAS

Usage Restrictions: INDUSTRIAL CALIBRATION GAS ONLY

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Hazard Classification:

Aspiration Hazard (Category 1)
Gases Under Pressure
Specific target organ toxicity (Single Exposure) (Category 3)

Hazard Statements:

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways May cause respiratory irritation; Toxic to aquatic life Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/ vapors/spray. [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Response:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Protect from sunlight.

Store locked up.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

		CAS #		Concentrat	ion	
Hydrogen S	ulfide	7783-06-4		25PPM		
Carbon Mon	Carbon Monoxide			100PPM		
iso-Pentane	}	78-78-4		3500 PPM		
Oxygen		7782-44-7		%19		
Nitrogen	Chemical Sub	stance ⁷⁻⁹	Chemical Family	BALANCE	Trade Names	
Hydrogen Sulfide	HYDROGEN SU	LFIDE	Inorganic gases		MONOSULFIDE; HYDROSULFURI SULFURETED HY	FIDE (H2S); DIHYDROGEN DIHYDROGEN SULFIDE; C ACID; SULFUR DIHYDRIDE; /DROGEN; SULFUR DAMP; SEWER GAS; RCRA 12S
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONO	XIDE	Inorganic gases CARBON OXIDE 1016; CO		CARBON OXIDE (CO); UN	
iso- Pentane	ISOPENTANE		Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic	s, Saturated	2-METHYLBUTAN ETHYLDIMETHYL ISOAMYLHYDRIC 1,1,2-TRIMETHYL	.METHANE; DE; BUTANE,2-METHYL-;
Oxygen	Oxygen OXYGEN, COMPRESSED GAS		Inorganic gases		'	GEN; MOLECULAR OXYGEN; ULE; PURE OXYGEN; UN
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, CO GAS	MPRESSED	Inorganic gases			OGEN; DINITROGEN; OGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS;

UN 1066; N2

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Hydrog en Sulfide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Carbon Monoxi de	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
iso- Pentan e	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None
Oxygen	None expected	None expected	Not likely route of exposure	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None
Nitroge n	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Hydrog en Sulfide	Let burn unless leak can be stopped immediately. Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Sulfur oxides	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Protective material types: butyl rubber, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), neoprene
Carbon Monoxi de	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon dioxide	 Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
iso- Pentan e	Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective.	Oxides of carbon	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Oxygen	Non-flammable. Use extinguishing agent appropriate for the material which is burning. Use water in large quantities for fires involving oxygen.	Oxides of burning material	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. None
Nitroge n	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Hydrog en Sulfide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet. For tank, rail car or tank truck: 800 meters (1/2 mile). Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Remove sources of ignition. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material.
Carbon Monoxi de	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
iso- Pentane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Oxygen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid contact with combustible materials.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Nitroge n	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Hydrogen Sulfide	Collect runoff for disposal as potential hazardous waste. Dike for later disposal. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Add an alkaline material (lime, crushed limestone, sodium bicarbonate, or soda ash).	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Carbon Monoxide	Stop leak, evacuate area. Wear protective equipment.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).
iso-Pentane	Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal.	None
Oxygen	Stop leak and ventilate	None
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Hydrogen Sulfide	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Protect from physical damage. Store outside or in a detached building. Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with light. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to the TPQ (U.S. EPA SARA Section 302). SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning (U.S. EPA 40 CFR 355.30). Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Subject to handling regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.119.

	Handling	Storage
Carbon Monoxide	Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.
iso-Pentane	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier
Oxygen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Hydrogen Sulfide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE: 20 ppm OSHA ceiling 50 ppm OSHA peak 10 minute(s) (once if no other measurable exposure occurs) 10 ppm (14 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 15 ppm (21 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 10 ppm ACGIH TWA 15 ppm ACGIH STEL 10 ppm (15 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling 10 minute(s) TLV-TWA: 1ppm Upper respiratory irritation (ACGIH)
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONOXIDE: 50 ppm (55 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) OSHA ceiling (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling
iso-Pentane	ISOPENTANE: 600 ppm ACGIH TWA
Oxygen	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: No occupational exposure limits established.
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)

Engineering Controls
Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Hydrogen Sulfide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Carbon Monoxide	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressuredemand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
iso-Pentane	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Oxygen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Hydro gen Sulfid e	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Rotten egg odor	N/A
Carbo n Mono xide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
iso- Penta ne	Liquid	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Liquid	Gasoline like	N/A
Oxyg en	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Nitro gen	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignitio n Temperatur e	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Hydr ogen Sulfid e	Flammable	Not available	Not available	500 F (260 C)	45.5%	3.9%
Carb on Mono xide	Flammable	Not available	1479.11 (log = 3.17) (estimated from water solubility)	1128-1202 F (609-650 C)	0.74	12.0-12.5%
iso- Pent ane	<-60 F (<-51 C) (CC)	IA	Not available	788 F (420 C)	0.076	0.014
Oxyg en	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitro gen	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshol d	Evaporati on Rate	Viscosi ty
Hy dro gen Sul fide	-78 to -77 F (-61 to - 60.3 C)	-123 F (-86 C)	15200 mmHg @ 25 C	1.2 (Air=1)	1.192	2.58-2.9% @ 20 C	4.5-<7 (satur ated solutio n)	0.13 ppm	Not applicable	0.0128 cP @ 25 C
Car bon Mo nox ide	-312.7 F (- 191.5 C)	-326 F (- 199 C)	760 mmHg @ -191 C gas; cannot be liquefied at room temperature	0.968 (Air=1)	Not applicable	2.3% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshol d	Evaporati on Rate	Viscosi ty
iso- Pen tan e	82 F (28 C)	-256 F (- 160 C)	Not available	2.5 (Air=1)	0.6201	Insoluble	Not availa ble	Not available	Not available	Not available
Ox yge n	-297 F (- 183 C)	-360 F (- 218 C)	760 mmHg @ -183 C	1.1 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.2% @ 25 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.02075 cP @ 25 C
Nit rog en	-321 F (- 196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Hydr ogen Sulfi de	34.08	H2-S	1.539 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Carbon disulfide, alcohol, ether, glycerol, gasolines, kerosene, crude oil, alkali solutions
Carb on Mon oxid e	28.01	C-O	1.250 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, benzene, acetic acid, ethyl acetate, chloroform, cuprous chloride solutions
iso- Pent ane	72.15	C-H3-C-H2-C-H- (C-H3)2	Not available	Not available	100%	Not available	Ether, alcohol, hydrocarbons, oils
Oxyg en	31.9988	O2	1.309 g/L @ 25 C	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol
Nitro gen	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Hydrogen Sulfide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, metals, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metal salts, bases, rust, oxidants, oxygen, copper powder, acetaldehyde, silver fulminate
Carbon Monoxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metals, combustible materials, lithium
iso- Pentane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials
Oxygen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, halo carbons, metals, bases, reducing agents, amines, metal salts, oxidizing materials, alkaline earth and alkali metals
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Hydrogen Sulfide	Oxides of sulfur	Will not polymerize.
Carbon Monoxide	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
iso-Pentane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Oxygen	Miscellaneous decomposition products	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Hydroge n Sulfide	444 ppm inhalation-rat LC50	Irritation 0.000125 ppm/5 hour(s) eyes-human	Irritation, lack of sense of smell, sensitivity to light, nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, tremors, visual disturbances, suffocation, lung congestion, internal bleeding, heart damage, nerve damage, brain damage, coma, death
Carbon Monoxid e	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 1807 ppm 4 hours	Not available	Changes in body temperature, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, pain in extremities, tremors, loss of coordination, hearing loss, visual disturbances, eye damage, suffocation, blood disorders, convulsions, coma
iso- Pentane	Not available	Not available	Irritation, difficulty breathing, symptoms of drunkenness
Oxygen	Not established	Not established	Irritation, changes in body temperature, nausea, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, mood swings, pain in extremities, tremors, lung congestion, convulsions
Nitroge n	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Hydro gen Sulfide	Irritation, sensitivity to light, visual disturbances	Irritation liquid: frostbite	Acute toxicity, Category 2, inhalation; H330: Fatal if inhaled. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H335: May cause respiratory irritation. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute Category 1; H400: Very toxic to aquatic life
Carbon Monox ide	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A; H360D: May damage the unborn child. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 1; H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
iso- Pentan e	Irritation	Irritation	Aspiration hazard, Category 1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic Category 2; H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Oxyge n	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	No significant target effects reported.
Nitrog en	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Develo pmenta I Effects
Hydrog en Sulfide	Not available	Not available	Available.	No data
Carbon Monoxi de	Not available	Available.	Available.	No data
iso- Pentan e	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Develo pmenta I Effects
Oxygen	Not known.	Available.	Available.	No data
Nitroge	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data
n				

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Hydro gen Sulfid e	Fish toxicity: Acute LC50 7 ug/L Fresh water Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - FRY 96 hours; 14.9 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Mortality) Fathead minnow (Pimeph Invertibrate toxicity: 9730 ug/L 1.5 hour(s) (Mortality) Mediterranean mussel (Mytilus galloprovincialis) Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Highly toxic to aquatic life.	Not available	Not available
Carbo n Mono xide	Fish toxicity: 75000 ug/L 1 day(s) LC100 (Mortality) Orangespotted sunfish (Lepomis humilis) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Not available	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
iso- Penta ne	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
Oxyg en Nitro	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available Fish toxicity: Not	Not available Not available	Low bioaccumulation Not available	Not available Not available

gen	available		
	Invertibrate toxicity:		
	Not available		
	Algal toxicity: Not		
	available		
	Phyto toxicity: Not		
	available		
	Other toxicity: Not		
1	available		

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Hydrogen Sulfide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): U135.
Carbon Monoxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
iso-Pentane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Oxygen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

DOT INTO THIS INDICATE		
Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)	
UN Number	UN1956	
Hazard Class	2.2	
Hazard Information	Non-Flammable Gas	

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requiremen ts	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Descriptio n
H ydrogen Sulfide	Hydrogen sulfide	UN1053	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 2.1	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone B

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requiremen ts	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Descriptio n
C a r b o n M o n o xi d e	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 2.1	Forbidden	25 kg	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone D
is o- P e n ta n e	Pentanes (ISOPENTANE)	UN1265	3	I	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
O x y g e n	Oxygen, compressed	UN1072	2.2	Not available	2.2; 5.1	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
N it r o g e n	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Hy dro gen Sul fide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE; or HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	UN1053	2.3; 2.1	Not applicable
Car bon Mo nox ide	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3; 2.1	Not applicable
iso- Pen tan e	Pentanes	UN1265	3	1
Oxy gen	Oxygen, compressed	UN1072	2.2; 5.1	Not applicable
Nitr oge n	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40
Hydro	100 LBS RQ	500 LBS TPQ	100 LBS RQ

gen Sulfide			
Carbon Monox ide	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
iso- Pentan e	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Oxyge n	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Nitrog en	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Hydr ogen Sulfi de	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Carb on Mon oxid e	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
iso- Pent ane	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Oxy gen	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Nitr ogen	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Hydrogen Sulfide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE: Administrative stay issued Aug. 22, 1994	
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.	
iso-Pentane	Not regulated.	
Oxygen	Not regulated.	
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	

OSHA Process Safety

Hydrogen Sulfide	1500 LBS TQ
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
iso-Pentane	Not regulated.
Oxygen	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65	
Hydrogen Sulfide	Not regulated.	
Carbon Monoxide	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon Monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.	
iso-Pentane	Not regulated.	
Oxygen	Not regulated.	
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	

Canadian Regulations

- anadian regulations		
	WHMIS Classification	
Hydrogen Sulfide	A, B1, D1A, D2B.	
Carbon Monoxide	A, B1, D1A, D2A.	
iso-Pentane	B2	
Oxygen	A,C	
Nitrogen	A	

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Hydr ogen Sulfi de	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Carb on Mono xide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
iso- Pent ane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Oxyg en	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Nitro gen	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating	
Hydrogen Sulfide	HEALTH=4 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0	
Carbon Monoxide	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0	
iso-Pentane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0	
Oxygen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=OX	
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA	

^{0 =} minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard