

Safety Data Sheet 1862

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Absolute Accuracy

4591 S Wayside Dr Houston, TX 77087 (832) 571-2387

Product Code: 1862

Synonyms: n/a

Recommended Use: Industrial calibration gas
Usage Restrictions: Calibration Gas

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Hazard Classification:

Aspiration Hazard (Category 1)
Flammable (Category 1)
Gases Under Pressure
Reproductive Toxicity (Category 2)
Specific target organ toxicity (Repeated Exposure) (Category 2)
Specific target organ toxicity (Single Exposure) (Category 3)

Hazard Statements:

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
Extremely flammable gas
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May cause respiratory irritation;
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention:

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/ vapors/spray..

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Response:

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents and/or container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS#	Concentration
Hexane	110-54-3	0.03 %
n-Pentane	109-66-0	0.1 %
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	463-82-1	0.1 %
iso-Pentane	78-78-4	0.1 %
Butane	106-97-8	0.3 %
Isobutane	75-28-5	0.3 %
Propane	74-98-6	1 %
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	1 %
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	2.5 %
Ethane	74-84-0	5 %
Methane	74-82-8	balance

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Hexane	HEXANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	N-HEXANE; 1-HEXANE; HEXYL HYDRIDE; 1- HEXANE; NORMAL HEXANE; SKELLYSOLVE B; UN 1208; CAPROYL HYDRIDE; C6H14
n-Pentane	N-PENTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	PENTANE; AMYL HYDRIDE; UN 1265; C5H12
2,2 Dimethylprop ane (Neopentane)	NEOPENTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	TETRAMETHYLMETHANE; 2,2- DIMETHYLPROPANE; PROPANE,2,2- DIMETHYL-; TERT-PENTANE; 1,1,1- TRIMETHYLETHANE; TRIMETHYL- PROPYLMETHANE; PENTANE; UN 2044; C5H12
iso-Pentane	ISOPENTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	2-METHYLBUTANE; ETHYLDIMETHYLMETHANE; ISOAMYLHYDRIDE; BUTANE,2-METHYL-; 1,1,2-TRIMETHYLETHANE; C5H12
Butane	BUTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	N-BUTANE; LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS; NORMAL BUTANE; BUTYL HYDRIDE; LPG; UN 1011; C4H10
Isobutane	ISOBUTANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	2-METHYL PROPANE; TRIMETHYL METHANE; UN 1969; C4H10
Propane	PROPANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	N-PROPANE; DIMETHYLMETHANE; PROPYL HYDRIDE; R-290; PROPYLHYDRIDE; LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS; LPG; >96% NATURAL GRADE; >99.9% PURE GRADE; UN 1978; C3H8
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS	Inorganic gases	CARBONIC ACID GAS; CARBONIC ANHYDRIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON OXIDE; UN 1013; CO2
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2
Ethane	ETHANE	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	BIMETHYL; ETHANE, COMPRESSED; METHYLMETHANE; DIMETHYL; ETHYL HYDRIDE; UN 1035; C2H6

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Methane	METHANE, COMPRESSED	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	FIRE DAMP; MARSH GAS; METHYL HYDRIDE;
	GAS		NATURAL GAS; METHANE; UN 1971; R50; CH4

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Hexane	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Aspiration hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention. Give artificial respiration if not breathing.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Long-term exposure to n-hexane can cause damage to the peripheral nervous system.
n- Pentane	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Aspiration hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to help prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical attention. Give artificial respiration if not breathing.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	Not available
2,2 Dimethyl propane (Neopent ane)	If it is safe to do so, remove victim to an uncontaminated area, and place them in a comfortable position to wait for medical attention. Immediately remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Cleanse the affected skin areas thoroughly with soap under running water for 15 minutes. Seek medical treatment.	Rinse the affected eye thoroughly for 10 minutes under running water. Seek immediate medical treatment.	Seek medical treatment. Do not induce vomiting.	If it is safe to do so, remove victim to fresh air, and place them in a comfortable position to wait for medical attention. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration if breathing is difficult. Seek immediate medical treatment.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
iso- Pentane	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None
Butane	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Not likely route of exposure.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Isobutan e	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Propane	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Carbon Dioxide	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Do not induce vomiting.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Ethane	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Methane	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Hexane	Regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and toxic and irritating fumes	 Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus. Protective material types: rubber
n- Pentane	Regular dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water, regular foam Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and toxic and irritating fumes	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
2,2 Dimethyl propane (Neopent ane)	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.		 Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus.
iso- Pentane	Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide. Water may be ineffective.	Oxides of carbon	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Butane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water and toxic and irritating fumes.	 Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
Isobutan e	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water and toxic and irritating fumes	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Propane	Regular dry chemical, high expansion foam Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water and toxic and irritating fumes	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Carbon Dioxide	Non-flammable	Non-flammable	 Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus. Non-flammable
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Ethane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Toxic gases	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Methane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Hexane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray.
n- Pentane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
2,2 Dimethyl propane (Neopent ane)	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
iso- Pentane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Butane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Isobutan e	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Propane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Carbon Dioxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Ethane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Do not touch spilled material. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Methane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Hexane	Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal. Remove sources of ignition.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
n-Pentane	Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal.	Not available
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	Contact emergency personnel. Stop leak and evacuate area. Avoid sparks or fire. Cover with activated carbon. Dispose of in closed containers.	None

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
iso-Pentane	Small spills: Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Collect spilled material in appropriate container for disposal. Large spills: Dike for later disposal.	None
Butane	Stop leak, evacuate area. Use protective equipment. Contact emergency personnel.	None
Isobutane	Contact emergency personnel. Avoid ignition sources.	None
Propane	Contact emergency personnel	None
Carbon Dioxide	Stop leak, evacuate, remove source of ignition.	None
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A
Ethane	Contact emergency personnel immediately.	Not available
Methane	Not available	Not available

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Hexane	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier
n-Pentane	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier.
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	Keep container tightly closed in a locked area. Protect from sunlight. Protect from ignition sources. Secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C).	Always handle in a well ventilated area. Use only in closed systems. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat and ignition sources.
iso-Pentane	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier
Butane	Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.110.
Isobutane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.110. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

	Handling	Storage
Propane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Carbon Dioxide	Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Ethane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Methane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Hexane	N-HEXANE: 500 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 50 ppm (180 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 50 ppm ACGIH TWA (skin) 50 ppm (180 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s)
n-Pentane	PENTANE: 1000 ppm (2950 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 600 ppm (1770 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 750 ppm (2210 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 600 ppm ACGIH TWA 120 ppm (350 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 610 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling 15 minute(s)
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	NEOPENTANE: ALKANES (C5-C8): 350 mg/m3 NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s); 1800 mg/m3 NIOSH recommended ceiling 15 minute(s) NEOPENTANE: 600 ppm ACGIH TWA
iso-Pentane	ISOPENTANE: 600 ppm ACGIH TWA
Butane	N-BUTANE: 800 ppm (1900 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 800 ppm (1900 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG): 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA
Isobutane	ISOBUTANE: 800 ppm (1900 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG): 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA

	Exposure Guidelines
Propane	PROPANE: 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS (LPG): 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA 1000 ppm (1800 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS: CARBON DIOXIDE: 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 10000 ppm (18000 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5000 ppm ACGIH TWA 30000 ppm ACGIH STEL 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended STEL
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)
Ethane	TLV-TWA: 1000ppm (Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1 - C4) (ACGIH)
Methane	METHANE, COMPRESSED GAS: ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA METHANE: No occupational exposure limits established. ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA

Engineering Controls
Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

Eye Protection

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection	
Hexane	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any appropriate escape-type, self- contained breathing apparatus.	
n-Pentane	Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.	
2,2 Dimethylprop ane (Neopentane)	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and shower in work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece that is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.	
iso-Pentane	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.	
Butane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.	
Isobutane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.	
Propane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.	

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Carbon Dioxide	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Ethane	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Methane	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

General Hygiene considerations

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Hexan e	Liquid	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Liquid	Faint odor, gasoline odor	N/A
n- Pentan e	Liquid	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Liquid	Gasoline odor	N/A
2,2 Dimeth ylprop ane (Neope ntane)	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Gasoline like	N/A
iso- Pentan e	Liquid	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Liquid	Gasoline like	N/A
Butane	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Faint petroleum- like odor	N/A
Isobut ane	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Petroleum odor	N/A
Propan e	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Gasoline odor	N/A
Carbo n Dioxid e	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Acid taste
Nitrog en	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Ethane	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Sweet odor	N/A
Metha ne	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Hexan	-9.4 F (-23 C)	IB	139315.68 (log = 5.148)	437 F (225 C)	0.075	0.011
е	(CC); -7 F (-		(estimated from water			
1	21.7 C) (CC)		solubility)			

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
n- Penta ne	<-40 F (<-40 C) (CC)	IA	Not available	500 F (260 C)	0.078	0.014
2,2 Dimet hylpro pane (Neop entane	<19 F (<-7 C)			842 F (450 C)	0.075	0.014
iso- Penta ne	<-60 F (<-51 C) (CC)	IA	Not available	788 F (420 C)	0.076	0.014
Butan e	-76 F (-60 C) (CC)	Not available	630.96 (log = 2.80) (estimated from water solubility)	549 F (287 C)	0.085	0.019
Isobut ane	-126 F (-88 C) (CC)	Not available	Not available	864 F (462 C)	0.084	0.018
Propa ne	-157 F (-105 C)	Not available	Not available	842 F (450 C)	0.095	0.021
Carbo n Dioxid e	Not flammable	Not available	N/A	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitrog en	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Ethan e	-211 F (-135 C) (CC)	Not available	912.01 (log = 2.97) (estimated from water solubility)	882 F (472 C)	0.125	0.03
Metha ne	-369 F (-223 C)	Not available	724.44 (log = 2.87) (estimated from water solubility)	999 F (537 C)	15%	5%

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosit y
Hex ane	156 F (69 C)	-139 F (-95 C)	124 mmHg @ 20 C	3 (Air=1)	0.6603	0.014% @ 20 C	Neutra I	64-244 ppm	8.9 (n-butyl acetate = 1)	0.32 cP @ 25 C
n- Pen tane	96.93 F (36.07 C)	-201.5 F (- 129.7 C)	400 mmHg @ 18.5 C	2.5 (Air=1)	0.626	0.0004	Not availa ble	2.2-5000 ppm	28.6 (butyl acetate=1)	<32 SUS
2,2 Dim ethy lpro pan e (Ne ope ntan e)	50 F (10 C)	1 F (-17 C)	1125 mmHg @ 21.1 C	2.5 (Air=1)	0.6135	Insoluble	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.007 cP @ 21.1 C
iso- Pen tane	82 F (28 C)	-256 F (- 160 C)	Not available	2.5 (Air=1)	0.6201	Insoluble	Not availa ble	Not available	Not available	Not available
But ane	30 F (-1 C)	-216 F (- 138 C)	1557 mmHg @ 20 C	2.1 (Air=1)	0.5788 @ 0 C	0.15	Not applic able	6.16 ppm	Not applicable for gas. Liquefied n- butane will evaporate rapidly at room temperature	Not available
Isob utan e	10 F (-12 C)	-254 F (- 159 C)	3.1 atm @ 21 C	2 (Air=1)	0.549 @ 20 C	Slightly soluble	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.0077 cP @ 25 C
Pro pan e	-40 F (-40 C)	-310 F (- 190 C)	6398 mmHg @ 21.1 C	1.55 (Air=1)	0.5853 @ - 45 C	Very slightly soluble	Not applic able	5000-20000 ppm	Not applicable	Not available

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	pН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosit y
Car bon Dio xide	Not available	-71 F (-57 C) @ 4000 mmHg	43700 mmHg @ 21 C	1.5 (Air=1)	1.522 @ 21 C	Soluble	3.7 (satur ated aqueo us solutio n) @ 101.3 kPa (carbo nic acid)	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Nitr oge n	-321 F (- 196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C
Eth ane	-128 F (- 89 C)	-297 F (- 183 C)	28842 mmHg @ 21 C	1.05 (Air =1)	Not applicable	4.7% @ 20 C	Not applic able	899 ppm	Not applicable for gas. Refrigerated liquefied ethane will evaporate rapidly at room temperature	0.00852 cP @ 0 C
Met han e	-260 F (- 162 C)	-297 F (- 183 C)	760 mmHg @ -161 C	0.555 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.5% @ 17 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01118 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Hexa ne	86.18	C-H3-(C-H2)4-C- H3	Not available	Not available	Not available	675 g/I VOC (w/v)	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, chloroform, acetone, organic solvents
n- Penta ne	72.15g/mol	C5-H12	Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, acetone, benzene, chloroform
2,2 Dimet hylpr opane (Neop entan e)	72.15	(C-H3)4-C	0.2001 lb/ft3	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether
iso- Penta ne	72.15	C-H3-C-H2-C-H- (C-H3)2	Not available	Not available	100%	Not available	Ether, alcohol, hydrocarbons, oils
Butan e	58.12	C-H3-(C-H2)2-C- H3	Not available	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, chloroform
Isobu tane	58.12	C4-H10	Not available	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, chloroform
Propa ne	44.11	C-H3-C-H2-C-H3	0.116	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Absolute alcohol, ether, chloroform, benzene, turpentine
Carbo n Dioxi de	44.01	C-O2	0.114	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, acetone, hydrocarbons, organic solvents
Nitrog en	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia
Ethan e	30.07	C-H3-C-H3	1.242 g/L @ 25 C	Not available	Not available	1	Soluble: Benzene, ethanol
Metha ne	16.04	C-H4	0.717 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, benzene, organic solvents

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Hexane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens, combustible materials, chlorine dioxide, fluorine, nitrogen dioxide, potassium chlorate, chlorine, chlorosulfuric acid
n-Pentane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, combustible materials, halogen compounds
2,2 Dimethylpro pane (Neopentane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials
iso-Pentane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials
Butane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogen compounds
Isobutane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogen compounds
Propane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, combustible materials, halogen compounds,
Carbon Dioxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, oxidizing materials, metal salts, reducing agents, metal carbide, metals, bases
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials
Ethane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens,
Methane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Halogens, oxidizing materials, combustible materials

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Hexane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
n-Pentane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
2,2 Dimethylpropane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
(Neopentane)		
iso-Pentane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Butane	Oxides of carbon.	Will not polymerize.
Isobutane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Propane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon monoxide	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.
Ethane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Methane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Hexane	>5 gm/kg oral-rat LD50	>2 gm/kg skin-rabbit LD50	Irritation, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, mood swings, loss of coordination, lung congestion, nerve damage, brain damage, unconsciousness
n-Pentane	>2000 mg/kg oral-rat LD50	Not available	Irritation, nausea, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, loss of coordination, central nervous system depression, asphyxiant
2,2 Dimethylp ropane (Neopent ane)	Not established	Not established	Nausea, vomiting, dizziness, suffocation, convulsions, coma
iso- Pentane	Not available	Not available	Irritation, difficulty breathing, symptoms of drunkenness

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation	
Butane	LC(50): 658 mg/l (270,000 ppm) butane (4 hour-rat)	Not established	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache, drowsiness, symptoms of drunkenness, tingling sensation, suffocation, convulsions, coma, can displace oxygen at high concentrations	
Isobutane	LC50, 1 hr, rat = 285,000 ppmv	Not available	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, headache, symptoms of drunkenness, suffocation, convulsions, coma	
Propane	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat >800000 ppm 15 minutes	Not available	Central nervous system depression, difficulty breathing, nausea, vomiting, irregular heartbeat, headache, symptoms of drunkenness, disorientation, suffocation, convulsions, coma	
Carbon Dioxide	Not established	Not established	Ringing in the ears, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headach drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, visual disturbances, suffocation, convulsions, coma	
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma	
Ethane	Not available	Not available	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, irregular heartbeat, headachedizziness, disorientation, emotional disturbances, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma	
Methane	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, fatigue, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma	

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Hexane	Mild irritation	Irritation	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2; H361f: Suspected of damaging fertility. Aspiration hazard, Category 1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 2; H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Skin irritation, Category 2; H315: Causes skin irritation. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic Category 2; H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
n- Pentane	Irritation	Irritation	Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Aspiration hazard, Category 1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
2,2 Dimethy Ipropan e (Neopen tane)	Mild irritation, frostbite, blurred vision	Blisters, frostbite	Difficulty breathing
iso- Pentane	Irritation	Irritation	Aspiration hazard, Category 1; H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic Category 2; H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Butane	Frostbite, blurred vision	Blisters, frostbite	Central nervous system depression, difficulty breathing
Isobuta ne	Liquid: frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	Respiratory tract irritation, central nervous system depression, difficulty breathing
Propane	Liquid: frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	No health hazards classified.
Carbon Dioxide	Irritation, frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	Difficulty breathing

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Nitroge	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing
n	cause burns or frostbite		
Ethane	Frostbite	Frostbite	Difficulty breathing
Methan	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing
е			

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Develop mental Effects
Hexane	Not listed.	Available.	Available.	No data
n- Pentane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
2,2 Dimethyl propane (Neopen tane)	Not listed	Not established	Not established	No data
iso- Pentane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Butane	None	Not established	Not established	No data
Isobutan e	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Propane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Carbon Dioxide	Not available	Not established	Available.	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data
Ethane	Not Listed.	Not available	Not available	No data
Methane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Hexan e	Fish toxicity: 2500 ug/L 96 hour(s) LC50 (Mortality) Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: 75 ug/L 28 hour(s) (Population Growth) Green algae (Chlamydomonas sp) Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
n- Pentan e	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: 3000000 ug/L 48 week(s) (Mortality) Pacific oyster (Crassostrea gigas) Algal toxicity: 1000 ug/L 8 year(s) EC50 (Photosynthesis) Algae,phytoplankton, algal mat (Algae) Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available
2,2	Fish toxicity: Not	Not available	Not available	Not available

Dimeth ylprop ane (Neope ntane) Not available Not available Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicit	
ane (Neope (Neope ntane)	
(Neope ntane) Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	
ntane) available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	
Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	
available Other toxicity: Not available	
Other toxicity: Not available	
available	
iso- Fish toxicity: Not Not available Not available Not available	ot available
Pentan available available	
e Invertibrate toxicity:	
Not available	
Algal toxicity: Not	
available	
Phyto toxicity: Not	
available	
Other toxicity: Not	
available Sutane Sish toxicity: Not Not available Not	ot available
Butane Fish toxicity: Not available Not available Not available	ot available
Invertibrate toxicity:	
Not available	
Algal toxicity: Not	
available	
Phyto toxicity: Not	
available	
Other toxicity:	
Expected to exist	
entirely in the vapor	
phase in ambient air. Isobut Fish toxicity: Not Not available Not available Not available Not available	ot available
ane available Not available Not available	ot available
Invertibrate toxicity:	
Not available	
Algal toxicity: Not	
available	
Phyto toxicity: Not	
available	
Other toxicity: Not	
available	
	ot available
e available Invertibrate toxicity:	
Not available	
Algal toxicity: Not	
available	
Phyto toxicity: Not	
available	
Other toxicity: Not	
available	
Carbo Fish toxicity: 150000 Relatively non-persistent in the Accumulates very little in the bodies Le	eaches through the soil
n ug/L 48 day(s) environment. Moderately volatile of living organisms.	
Dioxid (Mortality) Brown from water.	
e trout (Salmo trutta) Invertibrate toxicity:	
Not available	
Algal toxicity: Not	
available	
Phyto toxicity: Not	
available	
Other toxicity: Not	
available Net available	at available
	ot available
en available Invertibrate toxicity:	
Not available	
Algal toxicity: Not	
available	
Phyto toxicity: Not	
available	
Other toxicity: Not	

	available			
Ethane	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Leaches through the soil or the sediment at a slow rate.
Metha ne	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Moderately volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Hexane	Diamaga in accordance with all applicable regulations
Hexane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
n-Pentane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
2,2 Dimethylpropane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
(Neopentane)	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
iso-Pentane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Butane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Isobutane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Propane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Carbon Dioxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Ethane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Methane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262.
	Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

Shipping Name	Compressed gas, flammable, n.o.s. (Methane, Ethane)
UN Number	UN1954
Hazard Class	2.1
Hazard Information	FLAMMABLE GAS

Individual Component Information

ınd	ividual Compo			Lacer	L 1 . 1 . 10	I no constitution of the c	10	L A JURE .
	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
H ex a ne	Hexanes	UN1208	3	II	3	5 kg or L	N/A	N/A
n- P e nt a ne	Pentanes	UN1265	3	II	3	N/A	N/A	N/A
2, 2 Di m et h yl pr o p a n e (N e o p e nt a n e).	2,2- Dimethylpropan e	UN2044	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	None
is O- P e nt a ne	Pentanes (ISOPENTANE)	UN1265	3		3	N/A	N/A	N/A
B ut a ne	Butane	UN1011	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
Is o b ut a ne	ISOBUTANE see also PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED	UN1969	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
Pr o p a ne	Propane	UN1978	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
C ar b o n Di o xi de	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150kg	None

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
Ni	Nitrogen,	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
tr	compressed							
0								
g								
en							4=0.1	
Et	Ethane	UN1035	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
h								
а								
ne								
M	Methane,	UN1971	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A
et	compressed							
h								
а								
ne								

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Hex ane	Hexanes	UN1208	3	II
n- Pen tane	Pentanes	UN1265	3	II
2,2 Dim ethy Ipro pan e (Ne ope ntan e)	2,2-Dimethylpropane	UN2044	2.1	Not applicable
iso- Pen tane	Pentanes	UN1265	3	I
But ane	Butane	UN1011	2.1	Not applicable
Isob utan e	Isobutane	UN1969	2.1	Not applicable
Pro pan e	Propane	UN1978	2.1	Not applicable
Car bon Dio xide	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable
Nitr oge n	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable
Eth ane	Ethane	UN1035	2.1	Not applicable
Met han e	Methane, compressed	UN1971	2.1	Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

0.0. IVE	0.0. Negulations				
	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40		
Hexane	5000 LBS RQ	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
n- Pentane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		

2,2 Dimethy Ipropan e (Neopen tane)	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
iso- Pentane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Isobuta ne	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Nitroge n	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Methan e	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Hexa ne	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
n- Penta ne	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
2,2 Dimet hylpr opan e (Neo penta ne)	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
iso- Penta ne	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Buta ne	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Isobu tane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Prop ane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Carb on Dioxi de	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Nitro gen	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Ethan e	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Meth ane	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Hexane	N-HEXANE
n-Pentane	Not regulated.
2,2 Dimethylpropane	Not regulated.
(Neopentane)	
iso-Pentane	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.
Isobutane	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Hexane	Not regulated.
n-Pentane	Not regulated.
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	Not regulated.
iso-Pentane	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.
Isobutane	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Hexane WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Hexane to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.	
n-Pentane	Not regulated.
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	Not regulated.
iso-Pentane	Not regulated.
Butane	Not regulated.
Isobutane	Not regulated.
Propane	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Ethane	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS Classification
Hexane	B2, D2A, D2B
n-Pentane	B2
2,2 Dimethylpropane (Neopentane)	A B1
iso-Pentane	B2
Butane	A,B1
Isobutane	A, B1.
Propane	A, B1.
Carbon Dioxide	A
Nitrogen	A
Ethane	A, B1.
Methane	A, B1

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Hexan e	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on DSL.
n- Penta ne	Listed on inventory.	PENTANE CAS NUMBER: 109-66-0 SECTION 4	Listed on inventory.
2,2 Dimet hylpro pane (Neop entan e)	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
iso- Penta ne	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Butan e	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Isobut ane	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Propa	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
ne			
Carbo	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
n			
Dioxid			
е			
Nitrog	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
en			
Ethan	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
е	-		·
Metha	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
ne	·		-

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Hexane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=3 REACTIVITY=0
n-Pentane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
2,2 Dimethylpropane	HEALTH=4 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0
(Neopentane)	
iso-Pentane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Butane	HEALTH=1 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Isobutane	HEALTH=1 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Propane	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Carbon Dioxide	HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Ethane	HEALTH=3 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Methane	HEALTH=0 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0

^{0 =} minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard