Safety Data Sheet 2806

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Absolute Accuracy 4591 S Wayside Dr Houston, TX 77087 (832) 571-2387

Product Code: 2806

Synonyms: Recommended Use: Usage Restrictions:

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Hazard Classification:Gases Under Pressure

Hazard Statements:

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary Statements

Storage:

Protect from sunlight. Store in well-ventilated place.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS#	Concentration
Sulfur Dioxide	7446-09-5	ppm 100
Nitric Oxide	10102-43-9	ppm 200
Carbon Monoxide	630-08-0	ppm 400
Carbon Dioxide	124-38-9	% 5
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	balance

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Sulfur Dioxide	SULFUR DIOXIDE	Inorganic gases	SULFUROUS ACID ANHYDRIDE; SULFUROUS OXIDE; SULPHUR DIOXIDE; SULFUROUS ANHYDRIDE; FERMENTICIDE LIQUID; SULFUR DIOXIDE(SO2); SULFUR OXIDE; SULFUR OXIDE(SO2); STCC 4904290; UN 1079; O2S
Nitric Oxide	NITRIC OXIDE	Inorganic gases	NITROGEN OXIDE (NO); NITRIC OXIDE (NO); NITRIC OXIDE TRIMER; NITROGEN MONOXIDE; NITROGEN MONOOXIDE; NITROGEN OXIDE (N4O4); NITROSYL RADICAL; RCRA P076; STCC 4920330; UN 1660; NO
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONOXIDE	Inorganic gases	CARBON OXIDE; CARBON OXIDE (CO); UN 1016; CO
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS	Inorganic gases	CARBONIC ACID GAS; CARBONIC ANHYDRIDE; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBON OXIDE; UN 1013; CO2
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Sulfur Dioxide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical attention. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes.	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitric Oxide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None
Carbon Monoxide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Carbon Dioxide	If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115 F; 41-46 C). DO NOT USE HOT WATER. If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. Get immediate medical attention.	Contact with liquid: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	Do not induce vomiting.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Sulfur Dioxide	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire.	None known	Non-flammableNon-flammable
Nitric Oxide	Water Do not use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide or halogenated extinguishing agents. Large fires: Flood with fine water spray.	Nitrogen oxides	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Carbon Monoxide	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon dioxide	 Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
Carbon Dioxide	Non-flammable	Non-flammable	 Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus. Non-flammable
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Sulfur Dioxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet.	Avoid contamination of environment.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material.

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Nitric Oxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Avoid contact with combustible materials.	Avoid contamination of water, soil, drains, and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Carbon Monoxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Carbon Dioxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Do not touch spilled material.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65). Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Sulfur Dioxide	Stop leak, evacuate area. Contact emergency personnel.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Nitric Oxide	Contact emergency personnel.	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Ceter at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).
Carbon Monoxide	Stop leak, evacuate area. Wear protective equipment.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).
Carbon Dioxide	Stop leak, evacuate, remove source of ignition.	None
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Sulfur Dioxide	Store and use with adequate ventilation. Firmly secure cylinders upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Screw valve protection cap firmly in place by hand. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125F (52C). Store full and empty cylinders separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full cylinders for long periods.	Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Protect cylinders from damage. Use a suitable hand truck to move cylinders; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Open valve slowly. Close cylinder valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier.
Nitric Oxide	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. NFPA 430 Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizing Materials. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to the TPQ (U.S. EPA SARA Section 302). SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning (U.S. EPA 40 CFR 355.30).	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

	Handling	Storage
Carbon Monoxide	Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.
Carbon Dioxide	Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Sulfur Dioxide	SULFUR DIOXIDE: 2 ppm (5 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5 ppm (13 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5 ppm (13 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 2 ppm ACGIH TWA 5 ppm ACGIH STEL 2 ppm (5 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 5 ppm (13 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended STEL
Nitric Oxide	NITRIC OXIDE: 25 ppm (30 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 25 ppm (30 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s)
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONOXIDE: 50 ppm (55 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) OSHA ceiling (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling
Carbon Dioxide	CARBON DIOXIDE, GAS: CARBON DIOXIDE: 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 10000 ppm (18000 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 5000 ppm ACGIH TWA 30000 ppm ACGIH STEL 5000 ppm (9000 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 30000 ppm (54000 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended STEL
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)

Engineering Controls
Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Sulfur Dioxide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Non-flammable
Nitric Oxide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Carbon Monoxide	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressuredemand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Carbon Dioxide	For the gas: Eye protection not required, but recommended. For the liquid: Wear splash resistant safety goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	For the gas: Protective clothing is not required. For the liquid: Wear appropriate protective, cold insulating clothing.	Any appropriate escape-type, self- contained breathing apparatus.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for
	recommended.		frequent or heavy exposure.

- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Sulfur Dioxide	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Irritating odor	N/A
Nitric Oxide	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Not available	N/A
Carbon Monoxi de	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Carbon Dioxide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Acid taste
Nitroge n	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Sulfur Dioxide	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitric Oxide	Not applicable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Carbon Monoxi de	Flammable	Not available	1479.11 (log = 3.17) (estimated from water solubility)	1128-1202 F (609-650 C)	0.74	12.0-12.5%
Carbon Dioxide	Not flammable	Not available	N/A	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Nitroge n	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Sulfu r Dioxi de	14 F (-10 C)	-99 F (-73 C)	2432 mmHg @ 20 C	2.26 (Air=1)	1.462 @ -10 C	22.8% @ 0 C	Acidic in solutio n	3-5 ppm	>1 (butyl acetate=1)	Not available
Nitri c Oxid e	-242 F (- 152 C)	-263 F (- 164 C)	26000 mmHg @ 20 C	1.036 (Air=1)	Not applicable	7.3% @ 0 C	Not applic able	0.3-1.0 ppm	Not applicable	0.0188 cP @ 25 C
Carb on Mon oxid e	-312.7 F (- 191.5 C)	-326 F (- 199 C)	760 mmHg @ -191 C gas; cannot be liquefied at room temperature	0.968 (Air=1)	Not applicable	2.3% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	pН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosity
Carb on Dioxi de	Not available	-71 F (-57 C) @ 4000 mmHg	43700 mmHg @ 21 C	1.5 (Air=1)	1.522 @ 21 C	Soluble	3.7 (satur ated aqueo us solutio n) @ 101.3 kPa (carbo nic acid)	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Nitr ogen	-321 F (- 196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Sulfur Dioxid e	64.06	S-O2	0.169	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, acetic acid, sulfuric acid, ether, chloroform, benzene, sulfuryl chloride, nitrobenzenes, toluene, acetone
Nitric Oxide	30.01	N-O	1.3402 g/L	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Sulfuric acid, alcohol, ferrous sulfate solutions, carbon disulfide
Carbo n Mono xide	28.01	C-O	1.250 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, benzene, acetic acid, ethyl acetate, chloroform, cuprous chloride solutions
Carbo n Dioxid e	44.01	C-02	0.114	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, acetone, hydrocarbons, organic solvents
Nitrog en	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Sulfur Dioxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, metals, bases, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxides, peroxides, reducing agents, potassium, sodium, nitryl chloride, acrolein, metal oxides, carbide
Nitric Oxide	May react on contact with air. May react on contact with water. Releases toxic, corrosive, flammable or explosive gases. May explode during distillation or evaporation.	May react on contact with air. May react on contact with water. Releases toxic, corrosive, flammable or explosive gases. May explode during distillation or evaporation.	Metals, bases, metal oxides, reducing agents, combustible materials, halo carbons, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal salts
Carbon Monoxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metals, combustible materials, lithium
Carbon Dioxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, oxidizing materials, metal salts, reducing agents, metal carbide, metals, bases
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials

Hazardous Decomposition Products		Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Sulfur Dioxide	Forms sulfurous acid solution on reaction with water.	Will not polymerize.

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Nitric Oxide	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.
Carbon Monoxide	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Carbon Dioxide	Carbon monoxide	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects

	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation
Sulfur Dioxide	LC50, 1 hr, rat = 2520 ppm	Not available	Allergic reactions, burns, toxic
Nitric Oxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 1068 mg/m3 4 hours	Not available	Irritation, nausea, vomiting, stomach pain, chest pain, difficulty breathing, headache, dizziness, bluish skin color, lung congestion
Carbon Monoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 1807 ppm 4 hours	Not available	Changes in body temperature, changes in blood pressure, nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, pain in extremities, tremors, loss of coordination, hearing loss, visual disturbances, eye damage, suffocation, blood disorders, convulsions, coma
Carbon Dioxide	Not established	Not established	Ringing in the ears, nausea, irregular heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, visual disturbances, suffocation, convulsions, coma
Nitrogen	Not available	Not available	Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Sulfur Dioxide	Corrosive, burns	Corrosive, burns	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Skin corrosion, Category 1B; H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Nitric Oxide	Irritation (possibly severe)	Irritation (possibly severe)	Acute toxicity, Category 1, inhalation; H330: Fatal if inhaled. Skin corrosion, Category 1B; H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Carbon Monoxid e	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A; H360D: May damage the unborn child. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 1; H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carbon Dioxide	Irritation, frostbite, blurred vision	Liquid: blisters, frostbite	Difficulty breathing
Nitrogen	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Developm ental Effects
Sulfur Dioxide	IARC: Human Inadequate Evidence, Animal Limited Evidence, Group 3; ACGIH: A4 -Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	Available.	Available.	No data
Nitric Oxide	Not available	Available.	Not available	No data
Carbon Monoxide	Not available	Available.	Available.	No data
Carbon Dioxide	Not available	Not established	Available.	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

Fate and Transport

rate ar	nd Transport	Paysistance / Daniedahilib	Discontinual Assumption	Mobility in Environment
	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Sulfur Dioxide	Fish toxicity: 3000 ug/L 0.667-0.833 hour(s) (Avoidance) Atlantic menhaden (Brevoortia tyrannus) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: 500 ug/L 6 day(s) (Cellular) Green algae (Rhizoclonium hieroglyphicum) Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: >=150 ug/L NR hour(s) (Biochemical) Duckweed (Lemna minor)	Not available	Not available	Not available
Nitric Oxide	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Readily biodegrades	Not available	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
Carbon Monoxi de	Fish toxicity: 75000 ug/L 1 day(s) LC100 (Mortality) Orangespotted sunfish (Lepomis humilis) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Highly volatile from water.	Not available	Not expected to leach through the soil or the sediment.
Carbon Dioxide	Fish toxicity: 150000 ug/L 48 day(s) (Mortality) Brown trout (Salmo trutta) Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Relatively non-persistent in the environment. Moderately volatile from water.	Accumulates very little in the bodies of living organisms.	Leaches through the soil
Nitroge n	Fish toxicity: Not available Invertibrate toxicity: Not available Algal toxicity: Not available Phyto toxicity: Not available Other toxicity: Not available	Not available	Not available	Not available

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Sulfur Dioxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Nitric Oxide	Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001. D003. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Carbon Monoxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.	
Carbon Dioxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

DOT IIIIOIIII CIOITI OI TIIIC	, mixture
Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Carbon Dioxide)
UN Number UN1956	
Hazard Class	2.2
Hazard Information	Non-Flammable Gas

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
Su Ifu r Di ox id e	Sulfur dioxide	UN1079	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 8	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone C
Ni tri c Ox id	Nitric oxide, compressed	UN1660	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 5.1;8	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone A
Ca rb on M on ox id e	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 2.1	Forbidden	25 kg	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone D
Ca rb on Di ox id e	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150kg	None
Ni tr og en	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Sulfu	Sulfur dioxide	UN1079	2.3; 8	Not applicable
r				
Dioxi				
de				
Nitri	Nitric oxide, compressed	UN1660	2.3; 5.1; 8	Not applicable
С				
Oxid				
е				
Carb	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3; 2.1	Not applicable
on				
Mon				
oxid				
е				
Carb	Carbon dioxide	UN1013	2.2	Not applicable
on				
Dioxi				
de				
Nitro	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable
gen				

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

<u> </u>	togulation				
	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40		
Sulfur	Not regulated.	500 LBS TPQ	500 LBS RQ		
Dioxide					
Nitric	10 LBS RQ	100 LBS TPQ	10 LBS RQ		
Oxide					
Carbon	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
Monoxid					
е					
Carbon	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
Dioxide					
Nitrogen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Sulfur Dioxid e	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Nitric Oxide	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Carbo n Mono xide	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Carbo n Dioxid e	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Nitrog en	Yes	No	No	No	Yes

SARA 372.65

Sulfur Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitric Oxide	Not regulated.
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

OSHA Process Safety

Sulfur Dioxide	1000 LBS TQ
Nitric Oxide	250 LBS TQ
Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
Carbon Dioxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Sulfur Dioxide	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including sulfur dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Nitric Oxide	Not regulated.
Carbon Monoxide WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon M is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproduct more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.	
Carbon Dioxide Not regulated.	
Nitrogen Not regulated.	

Canadian Regulations

_	WHMIS Classification
Sulfur Dioxide	AD1
Nitric Oxide	ACD1
Carbon Monoxide	A, B1, D1A, D2A.
Carbon Dioxide	A
Nitrogen	A

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Sulfur	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Dioxid			
е			
Nitric	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Oxide			
Carbon	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Monox			
ide			
Carbon	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Dioxid			
е			
Nitrog	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
en			

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Sulfur Dioxide	HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0
Nitric Oxide	HEALTH=4 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=1 SPECIAL=OX
Carbon Monoxide	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Carbon Dioxide	HEALTH=3 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard