

Safety Data Sheet 2917

Section 1: Product and Company Identification

Absolute Accuracy 4591 S Wayside Dr Houston, TX 77087 (832) 571-2387

Product Code: 2917 Part Number: 2917 Synonyms: Recommended Use: Usage Restrictions:

Section 2: Hazards Identification



Hazard Classification: Gases Under Pressure

Hazard Statements: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary Statements

Storage: Protect from sunlight. Store in well-ventilated place.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

	CAS #	Concentration	
Carbon Monoxide	630-08-0	60 ppm	
Ansolyten Accuracy	7727-37-9	balance	page 1 of 13
Grygented by the SDS Manager fro	m Asteriask, LLC. All Rights Reserved	18% Date of Pi	eparation: 02/10/2022 16:07:40
Methane	74-82-8	2.5%	
Hydrogen Sulfide	7783-06-4	15 ppm	

	Chemical Substance	Chemical Family	Trade Names
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONOXIDE	Inorganic gases	CARBON OXIDE; CARBON OXIDE (CO); UN 1016; CO
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	DIATOMIC NITROGEN; DINITROGEN; NITROGEN; NITROGEN-14; NITROGEN GAS; UN 1066; N2
Oxygen	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED GAS	Inorganic gases	OXYGEN; DIOXYGEN; MOLECULAR OXYGEN; OXYGEN MOLECULE; PURE OXYGEN; UN 1072; O2
Methane	METHANE, COMPRESSED GAS	Hydrocarbons, Aliphatic, Saturated	FIRE DAMP; MARSH GAS; METHYL HYDRIDE; NATURAL GAS; METHANE; UN 1971; R50; CH4
Hydrogen Sulfide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE	Inorganic gases	HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S); DIHYDROGEN MONOSULFIDE; DIHYDROGEN SULFIDE; HYDROSULFURIC ACID; SULFUR DIHYDRIDE; SULFURETED HYDROGEN; SULFUR HYDRIDE; STINK DAMP; SEWER GAS; RCRA U135; UN 1053; H2S

Section 4: First Aid Measures

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Carbon Monoxid e	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Nitrogen	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Oxygen	None expected	None expected	Not likely route of exposure	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. Get immediate medical attention.	None

	Skin Contact	Eye Contact	Ingestion	Inhalation	Note to Physicians
Methane	Wash exposed skin with soap and water.	Flush eyes with plenty of water.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.
Hydroge n Sulfide	Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention, if needed. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Then get immediate medical attention.	If a large amount is swallowed, get medical attention.	If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Get immediate medical attention.	For inhalation, consider oxygen.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Products of Combustion	Protection of Firefighters
Carbon Monoxid e	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon dioxide	 Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply. Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
Nitrogen	Non-flammable. Use suitable extinguishing media for surrounding fire. Cylinders may rupture or explode if exposed to heat.	Non-flammable	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Oxygen	Non-flammable. Use extinguishing agent appropriate for the material which is burning. Use water in large quantities for fires involving oxygen.	Oxides of burning material	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. None
Methane	Carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, water	 Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Hydroge n Sulfide	Let burn unless leak can be stopped immediately. Large fires: Use regular foam or flood with fine water spray.	Sulfur oxides	 Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. Protective material types: butyl rubber, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), neoprene

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

	Personal Precautions	Environmental Precautions	Methods for Containment
Carbon Monoxide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep out of water supplies and sewers.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Nitrogen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas.	No significant effects from contamination expected.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Oxygen	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid contact with combustible materials.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk.
Methane	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Ventilate closed spaces before entering.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Reduce vapors with water spray. Remove sources of ignition.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 feet. For tank, rail car or tank truck: 800 meters (1/2 mile). Do not touch spilled material.	Avoid heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.	Stop leak if possible without personal risk. Remove sources of ignition. Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on material.

	Methods for Cleanup	Other Information
Carbon Monoxide	Stop leak, evacuate area. Wear protective equipment.	Subject to California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).
Nitrogen	N/A	N/A
Oxygen	Stop leak and ventilate	None
Methane	Not available	Not available
Hydrogen Sulfide	Collect runoff for disposal as potential hazardous waste. Dike for later disposal. Absorb with sand or other non-combustible material. Add an alkaline material (lime, crushed limestone, sodium bicarbonate, or soda ash).	Notify Local Emergency Planning Committee and State Emergency Response Commission for release greater than or equal to RQ (U.S. SARA Section 304). If release occurs in the U.S. and is reportable under CERCLA Section 103, notify the National Response Center at (800)424-8802 (USA) or (202)426-2675 (USA).

Section 7: Handling and Storage

	Handling	Storage
Carbon Monoxide	Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.
Nitrogen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Oxygen	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.
Methane	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101.	Keep separated from incompatible substances.

	Handling	Storage
Hydrogen Sulfide	Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Protect from physical damage. Store outside or in a detached building. Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a well-ventilated area. Avoid contact with light. Grounding and bonding required. Subject to storage regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.101. Notify State Emergency Response Commission for storage or use at amounts greater than or equal to the TPQ (U.S. EPA SARA Section 302). SARA Section 303 requires facilities storing a material with a TPQ to participate in local emergency response planning (U.S. EPA 40 CFR 355.30). Keep separated from incompatible substances.	Subject to handling regulations: U.S. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.119.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

	Exposure Guidelines
Carbon Monoxide	CARBON MONOXIDE: 50 ppm (55 mg/m3) OSHA TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) OSHA ceiling (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 25 ppm ACGIH TWA 35 ppm (40 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended TWA 10 hour(s) 200 ppm (229 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling
Nitrogen	NITROGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: NITROGEN: ACGIH (simple asphyxiant)
Oxygen	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED GAS: No occupational exposure limits established.
Methane	METHANE, COMPRESSED GAS: ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA METHANE: No occupational exposure limits established. ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON GASES ALKANE (C1-C4): 1000 ppm ACGIH TWA
Hydrogen Sulfide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE: 20 ppm OSHA ceiling 50 ppm OSHA peak 10 minute(s) (once if no other measurable exposure occurs) 10 ppm (14 mg/m3) OSHA TWA (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 15 ppm (21 mg/m3) OSHA STEL (vacated by 58 FR 35338, June 30, 1993) 10 ppm ACGIH TWA 15 ppm ACGIH STEL 10 ppm (15 mg/m3) NIOSH recommended ceiling 10 minute(s) TLV-TWA: 1ppm Upper respiratory irritation (ACGIH)

Engineering Controls Handle only in fully enclosed systems.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Carbon Monoxide	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Any supplied-air respirator with full facepiece and operated in a pressure- demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with a separate escape supply.
Nitrogen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.
Oxygen	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure.

	Eye Protection	Skin Protection	Respiratory Protection
Methane	Eye protection not required, but recommended.	Protective clothing is not required.	Respiratory protection may be needed for frequent or heavy exposure. Any self- contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.	Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

General Hygiene considerations

- Avoid breathing vapor or mist
- Avoid contact with eyes and skin
- Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or drinking

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

	Physical State	Appearance	Color	Change in Appearance	Physical Form	Odor	Taste
Carbo n Monox ide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Nitrog en	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Oxyge n	Gas	Clear	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Metha ne	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Odorless	Tasteless
Hydro gen Sulfide	Gas	Colorless	Colorless	N/A	Gas	Rotten egg odor	N/A

	Flash Point	Flammability	Partition Coefficient	Autoignition Temperature	Upper Explosive Limits	Lower Explosive Limits
Carbo n Monox ide	Flammable	Not available	1479.11 (log = 3.17) (estimated from water solubility)	1128-1202 F (609-650 C)	0.74	12.0-12.5%
Nitrog en	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Oxyge n	Not flammable	Not available	Not available	Nonflammable	Nonflammable	Nonflammable
Metha ne	-369 F (-223 C)	Not available	724.44 (log = 2.87) (estimated from water solubility)	999 F (537 C)	15%	5%
Hydro gen Sulfid e	Flammable	Not available	Not available	500 F (260 C)	45.5%	3.9%

	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosit y
Car bon Mon oxid e	-312.7 F (- 191.5 C)	-326 F (- 199 C)	760 mmHg @ -191 C gas; cannot be liquefied at room temperature	0.968 (Air=1)	Not applicable	2.3% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01657 cP @ 0 C
Nitr oge n	-321 F (- 196 C)	-346 F (- 210 C)	760 mmHg @ -196 C	0.967 (Air=1)	Not applicable	1.6% @ 20 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01787 cP @ 27 C
Oxy gen	-297 F (- 183 C)	-360 F (- 218 C)	760 mmHg @ -183 C	1.1 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.2% @ 25 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.02075 cP @ 25 C

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	Boiling Point	Freezing Point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor Density	Specific Gravity	Water Solubility	рН	Odor Threshold	Evaporation Rate	Viscosit y
Met han e	-260 F (- 162 C)	-297 F (- 183 C)	760 mmHg @ -161 C	0.555 (Air=1)	Not applicable	3.5% @ 17 C	Not applic able	Not available	Not applicable	0.01118 cP @ 27 C
Hyd rog en Sulf ide	-78 to -77 F (-61 to - 60.3 C)	-123 F (-86 C)	15200 mmHg @ 25 C	1.2 (Air=1)	1.192	2.58-2.9% @ 20 C	4.5-<7 (satur ated solutio n)	0.13 ppm	Not applicable	0.0128 cP @ 25 C

	Molecular Weight	Molecular Formula	Density	Weight per Gallon	Volatility by Volume	Volatility	Solvent Solubility
Carbo n Mono xide	28.01	C-0	1.250 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	100%	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, benzene, acetic acid, ethyl acetate, chloroform, cuprous chloride solutions
Nitrog en	28.0134	N2	1.2506 g/L	Not available	100%	1	Soluble: Liquid ammonia
Oxyg en	31.9988	02	1.309 g/L @ 25 C	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol
Metha ne	16.04	C-H4	0.717 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	Not applicable	Not applicable	Soluble: Alcohol, ether, benzene, organic solvents
Hydro gen Sulfid e	34.08	H2-S	1.539 g/L @ 0 C	Not available	Not available	Not applicable	Soluble: Carbon disulfide, alcohol, ether, glycerol, gasolines, kerosene, crude oil, alkali solutions

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

	Stability	Conditions to Avoid	Incompatible Materials
Carbon Monoxide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metals, combustible materials, lithium
Nitrogen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Metals, oxidizing materials
Oxygen	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, halo carbons, metals, bases, reducing agents, amines, metal salts, oxidizing materials, alkaline earth and alkali metals
Methane	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Halogens, oxidizing materials, combustible materials
Hydrogen Sulfide	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.	Combustible materials, metals, oxidizing materials, halogens, metal oxides, metal salts, bases, rust, oxidants, oxygen, copper powder, acetaldehyde, silver fulminate

	Hazardous Decomposition Products	Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Carbon Monoxide	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Nitrogen	Oxides of nitrogen	Will not polymerize.
Oxygen	Miscellaneous decomposition products	Will not polymerize.
Methane	Oxides of carbon	Will not polymerize.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Oxides of sulfur	Will not polymerize.

Section 11: Toxicology Information

Acute Effects Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Inhalation LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat 1807 Changes in body temperature, changes in blood pressure, Carbon Not available nausea, vomiting, chest pain, difficulty breathing, irregular Monoxide ppm 4 hours heartbeat, headache, drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, pain in extremities, tremors, loss of coordination, hearing loss, visual disturbances, eye damage, suffocation, blood disorders, convulsions, coma Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, Nitrogen Not available Not available drowsiness, dizziness, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, convulsions, coma Not established Not established Irritation, changes in body temperature, nausea, difficulty Oxygen breathing, irregular heartbeat, dizziness, disorientation, hallucinations, mood swings, pain in extremities, tremors, lung congestion, convulsions Nausea, vomiting, difficulty breathing, irregular heartbeat, Methane Not available Not available headache, drowsiness, fatigue, dizziness, disorientation, mood swings, tingling sensation, loss of coordination, suffocation, convulsions, unconsciousness, coma Hydrogen 444 ppm inhalation-rat LC50 Irritation 0.000125 ppm/5 hour(s) Irritation, lack of sense of smell, sensitivity to light, nausea, Sulfide vomiting, difficulty breathing, headache, drowsiness, eyes-human dizziness, disorientation, tremors, visual disturbances, suffocation, lung congestion, internal bleeding, heart damage, nerve damage, brain damage, coma, death

	Eye Irritation	Skin Irritation	Sensitization
Carbon Monoxi de	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	Acute toxicity, Category 3, inhalation; H331: Toxic if inhaled. Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A; H360D: May damage the unborn child. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure), Category 1; H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Nitroge n	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing
Oxygen	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	No significant target effects reported.
Methan e	No information on significant adverse effects	No information on significant adverse effects	Difficulty breathing
Hydrog en Sulfide	Irritation, sensitivity to light, visual disturbances	Irritation liquid: frostbite	Acute toxicity, Category 2, inhalation; H330: Fatal if inhaled. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3; H335: May cause respiratory irritation. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute Category 1; H400: Very toxic to aquatic life

Chronic Effects

	Carcinogenicity	Mutagenicity	Reproductive Effects	Develop mental Effects
Carbon Monoxid e	Not available	Available.	Available.	No data
Nitrogen	Not hazardous	Not available	Not available	No data
Oxygen	Not known.	Available.	Available.	No data
Methane	Not available	Not available	Not available	No data
Hydroge n Sulfide	Not available	Not available	Available.	No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

	nd Transport	Paraistanas / Degradability	Piononumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
	Eco toxicity	Persistence / Degradability	Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	Mobility in Environment
Carbo	Fish toxicity: 75000	Relatively non-persistent in the	Not available	Not expected to leach through
n	ug/L 1 day(s) LC100	environment. Highly volatile from		the soil or the sediment.
Monox	(Mortality)	water.		
de	Orangespotted			
	sunfish (Lepomis			
	humilis)			
	Invertibrate toxicity:			
	Not available			
	Algal toxicity: Not			
	available Phyto toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Other toxicity: Not			
	available			
Nitrog	Fish toxicity: Not	Not available	Not available	Not available
-	available	Not available	Not available	Not available
en	Invertibrate toxicity:			
	Not available			
	Algal toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Phyto toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Other toxicity: Not			
	available			
Oxyge	Fish toxicity: Not	Not available	Low bioaccumulation	Not available
Jyyge 1	available	Not available		Not available
	Invertibrate toxicity:			
	Not available			
	Algal toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Phyto toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Other toxicity: Not			
	available			
Metha	Fish toxicity: Not	Relatively non-persistent in the	Accumulates very little in the bodies	Not expected to leach through
ne	available	environment. Moderately volatile	of living organisms.	the soil or the sediment.
	Invertibrate toxicity:	from water.	0.0	
	Not available			
	Algal toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Phyto toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Other toxicity: Not			
	available			
Hydro	Fish toxicity: Acute	Highly toxic to aquatic life.	Not available	Not available
gen	LC50 7 ug/L Fresh			
Sulfide	water Fish - Fathead			
	minnow - Pimephales			
	promelas - FRY 96			
	hours; 14.9 ug/L 96			
	hour(s) LC50			
	(Mortality) Fathead			
	minnow (Pimeph			
	Invertibrate toxicity:			
	9730 ug/L 1.5 hour(s)			
	(Mortality)			
	Mediterranean			
	mussel (Mytilus			
	galloprovincialis)			
	Algal toxicity: Not			
	available			
	Dhuta taxiaitu Nat	1	1	1
	Phyto toxicity: Not available			

Other toxicity: Not available				
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Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Carbon Monoxide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Nitrogen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Oxygen	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Methane	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D001.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262. Hazardous Waste Number(s): U135.

Section 14: Transportation Information

U.S. DOT 49 CFR 172.101

DOT Information For This Mixture

Shipping Name	Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Oxygen)				
UN Number	UN1956				
Hazard Class	2.2				
Hazard Information	tion Non-Flammable Gas				

Individual Component Information

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
C ar b o n M o xi de	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 2.1	Forbidden	25 kg	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone D
Ni tr o g en	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable	2.2	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
O xy g en	Oxygen, compressed	UN1072	2.2	Not available	2.2; 5.1	75 kg or L	150 kg	N/A
M et h a ne	Methane, compressed	UN1971	2.1	Not applicable	2.1	Forbidden	150 kg	N/A

	Proper Shipping Name	ID Number	Hazard Class or Division	Packing Group	Labeling Requirements	Passenger Aircraft or Railcar Quantity Limitations	Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity Limitations	Additional Shipping Description
H y dr o g e n S ul fi de	Hydrogen sulfide	UN1053	2.3	Not applicable	2.3; 2.1	Forbidden	Forbidden	Toxic- Inhalation Hazard Zone B

Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods

	Shipping Name	UN Number	Class	Packing Group / Risk Group
Car bon Mon oxid e	Carbon monoxide, compressed	UN1016	2.3; 2.1	Not applicable
Nitr oge n	Nitrogen, compressed	UN1066	2.2	Not applicable
Oxy gen	Oxygen, compressed	UN1072	2.2; 5.1	Not applicable
Met han e	Methane, compressed	UN1971	2.1	Not applicable
Hyd rog en Sulf ide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE; or HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	UN1053	2.3; 2.1	Not applicable

Section 15: Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations

	CERCLA Sections	SARA 355.30	SARA 355.40	
Carbon Monoxi de	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
Nitroge n	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
Oxygen	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
Methan e	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	
Hydrog en Sulfide	100 LBS RQ	500 LBS TPQ	100 LBS RQ	

SARA 370.21

	Acute	Chronic	Fire	Reactive	Sudden Release
Carb	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
on					
Mono					
xide					
Nitro	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
gen					
Oxyg	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
en					

Meth	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
ane					
Hydr	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
ogen Sulfid					
е					

SARA 372.65

Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Oxygen	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.
Hydrogen Sulfide	HYDROGEN SULFIDE: Administrative stay issued Aug. 22, 1994

OSHA Process Safety

Carbon Monoxide	Not regulated.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Oxygen	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.
Hydrogen Sulfide	1500 LBS TQ

State Regulations

	CA Proposition 65
Carbon Monoxide	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Carbon Monoxide, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.
Nitrogen	Not regulated.
Oxygen	Not regulated.
Methane	Not regulated.
Hydrogen Sulfide	Not regulated.

Canadian Regulations

	WHMIS Classification
Carbon Monoxide	A, B1, D1A, D2A.
Nitrogen	Α
Oxygen	A,C
Methane	A, B1
Hydrogen Sulfide	A, B1, D1A, D2B.

National Inventory Status

	US Inventory (TSCA)	TSCA 12b Export Notification	Canada Inventory (DSL/NDSL)
Carbo n Mono xide	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Nitrog en	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Oxyge n	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Not determined.
Metha ne	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.
Hydro gen Sulfid e	Listed on inventory.	Not listed.	Listed on inventory.

Section 16: Other Information

	NFPA Rating
Carbon Monoxide	HEALTH=2 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
Nitrogen	HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=SA

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HEALTH=0 FIRE=0 REACTIVITY=0 SPECIAL=OX
HEALTH=0 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0
HEALTH=4 FIRE=4 REACTIVITY=0

0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard